





LANDSLIde Multi-Hazard Risk Assessment, Preparedness & Early Warning in South Asia: Integrating Meteorology, Landscape and Society

National Stakeholders Workshop and Inception Meeting

Organized jointly with the





























Registration & Tea	10.15
 Welcome & Introduction to Workshop 	10.30
 Key note remarks by Gen N C Vij, Director VIF 	10.35
 Overview of the LANDSLIP Project 	10.40
• Remarks by Secretary of Mines, Government of India	11.00
Remarks by Mr M Raju, DG, Geological Survey of India	11.05
 Introduction to the LANDSLIP consortium 	11.10
Open House discussion	12.00
 Summing up and closing remarks 	13.00
• Lunch	13:15

























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LANDSLIde Multi-Hazard Risk Assessment, Preparedness & Early Warning in South Asia: Integrating Meteorology, Landscape and Society

Co-led by

Bruce D. Malamud Professor of Natural & Environmental Hazards Department of Geography, King's College London



Helen Reeves
Director of Science for Engineering Geology
British Geological Survey, NERC



























LANDSLIde Multi-Hazard Risk Assessment, **Preparedness & Early Warning in South Asia:** Integrating Meteorology, Landscape and Society

Grant Dates: 1 November 2016 to 31 October 2020

Funded under the following UK NERC/DFID programme: Science for Humanitarian **Emergencies and Resilience (SHEAR)**

NERC/DFID Grants NE/P000681/1 & NE/P000649/1



















1. LANDSLIP CONSORTIUM

The LANDSLIP consortium consists of:

- 9 organizations,
- 36 physical scientists, engineers, and social scientists
- 3 countries: India, Italy, UK

Expertise in:

- Landslide hazards/disasters
- Meteorology
- Remote sensing and GIS
- Early warning systems
- Computational models and Wireless sensors
- Multi-hazard frameworks
- Resilience, Risk communications and Risk governance
- Disaster risk reduction



20 January 2017, VIF, New Delhi Inception Meeting,

SLIP



1. LANDSLIP CONSORTIUM



Prof Bruce Malamud 🌇 **Prof Mark** Pelling

Dr George Adamson

Dr Amy Donovan +1 PDRA



Dr Helen Reeves

Dr Tom Dijkstra **Dr Claire Dashwood**

Ms Emma Bee

+1 PDRA





Dr Saibal Ghosh

Dr Maneesha

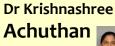


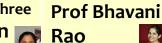
Dr Pankaj **Jaiswal**

Dr P Venkat



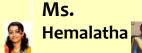
+2 Geoscientists







Ms. Divya







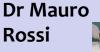


Ramesh



Rangan







Dr Ivan Marchesini







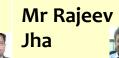
Dr Rajiv

Ranjan



Mr KR Viswanathan [7]

Mr Robert



+ 3 RAs







Dr Joanne Robbins



Dr Philip James

Neal



Dr Rutger **Dankers**

+ 1 Research Technician



Social Scientists & Practitioners

Physical Scientists



External Advisory Board: Prof Virginia Murray (UK - Public Health England/Vice-Chair UNISDR Scientific & Technical Advisory Group) **Prof Vinod Menon** (India – Founding Member, Indian National Disaster

Management Authority)

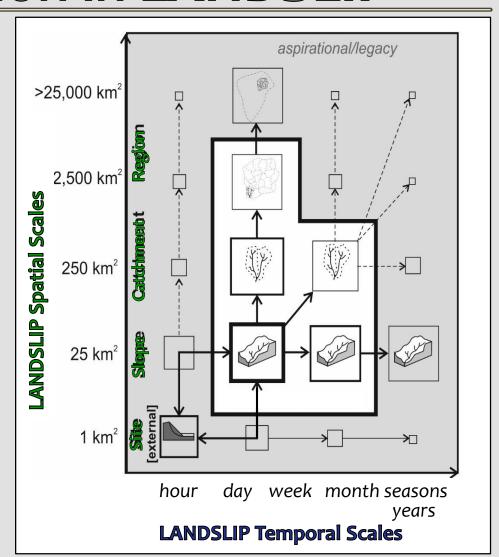
Inception Meeting, 20 January 2017, VIF, New Delhi

2. OUR VISION IN LANDSLIP

Design novel and useable methodologies for hydrologically triggered landslide risk assessments & robust landslide multi-hazard early warnings in India.

Spatial scale: slope, catchment & region.

Temporal scale: daily to month.





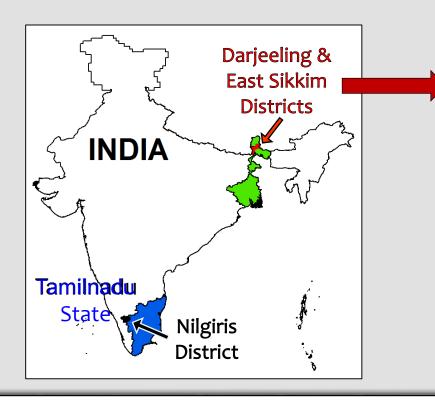
3. LANDSLIP AIMS

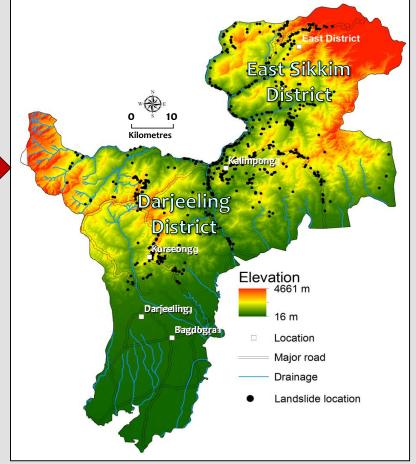
- Integrate a novel and useable landslide risk assessment & Early Warning System (EWS) in a multi-hazard framework for two pilot study areas in India:
 - weather regimes
 - probabilistic weather forecasting
 - landslide domains
 - societal factors
- Co-produce with and deliver to appropriate stake-holders useful & accessible tailored information.
- Disseminate LANDSLIP project knowledge to the broader
 South Asia region (particularly India & Afghanistan), ensuring
 LANDSLIP's lasting legacy.



4. LANDSLIP PILOT STUDY AREAS

- Darjeeling & East Sikkim (NE India)
- Nilgiris (Tamilnadu, S India)
- **Afghanistan** (South-South knowledge sharing via workshops)



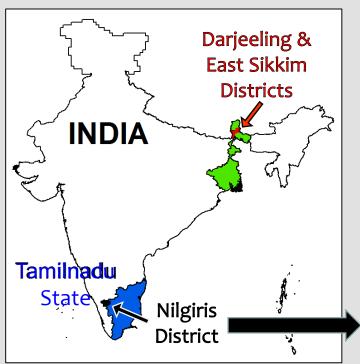


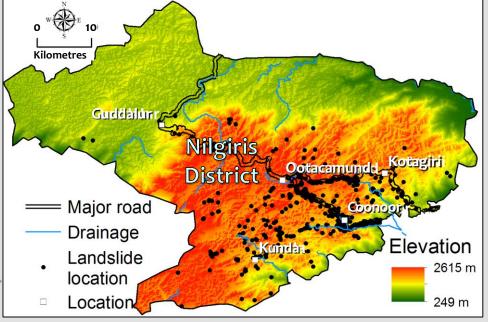
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2. Vision

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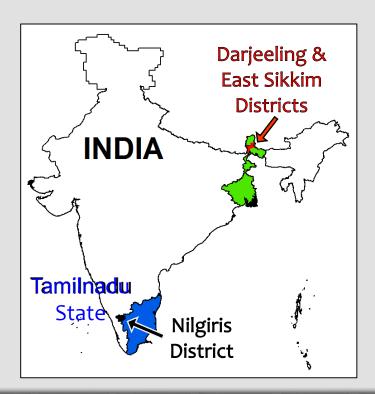




. Consortium

4. LANDSLIP PILOT STUDY AREAS

- Darjeeling & East Sikkim (NE India)
- Nilgiris (Tamilnadu, S India)
- Afghanistan (South-South knowledge sharing via workshops)



We will also explore replicability of methodologies developed for other landslide prone regions such as Uttarakhand



Ø

Outreach, Uptake

Co-Production,

WP2.

Co-Production,

Outreach, Uptake &

Sustainability

LANDSLIP WORKPACKAGE OVERVIEW



WP2. Co-Production, Outreach, Uptake & Sustainability Sustainabilit

WP3. Meteorological **Dynamics**

WP4. Landscape **Dynamics**

Knowledge, tools and methodologies contributing to a landslide multi-hazard framework

WP5. Social **Dynamics & Vulnerability**

WP6. Multi-Hazard Dynamics

WP7. Integrated Landslide Risk Assessment & EWS in a Multi-hazard Framework (MHF): **Optimising Tools Methodologies**

WP2. Co-Production, Outreach, Uptake & Sustainability



January 2017, VIF, New Delhi





WP2 Co-Production, Outreach, Uptake & Sustainability

(Task Leads: PA-UK/PA-India)

- T2.1 Research co-production and stakeholder engagement
- T2.2 | Share technical knowledge and build technical capacity
- T2.3 Information communication and outreach
- T2.4 Research into use and sustainability

2. Vision

Key Deliverables:

- Reports: Product/process co-production & capacity development via workshops.
- Targeted multi-media material.
- Report: Pathways to sustainability and legacy.

WP2 co-production with WP3 to WP7.

Example of Key LANDSLIP-Relevant Stakeholders (* = involved in landslide prevention)

Community & District 🛑



National

- Community based organisations (e.g., Women's self-help groups)
- District Disaster Management Authorities (DDMA)*
- Rescue operation units*
- Road/rail/public works organisations*
- Tea estates*
- Village Panchayats (village level administrative body)*

- State level...
- Department of Homes
- Disaster Management Authority*
- Disaster Response Force*
- NGOs* (e.g., Keystone Foundation, ATREE, Save the Hills, Red Cross)
- Remote Sensing Application centres*
- Universities (e.g., AMRITA)
- Police & Fire departments*

- Geological Survey of India (GSI)*
- Key ministries (e.g., Ministry of Earth Sciences, Ministry for Science & Technology)*
- Response organisations (e.g., National Disaster Management Authority)*
- Climate Services Agencies (e.g., India Meteorological Department [IMD], NCMRWF, National Remote Sensing Organisation)*



Yellow = Confirmed Project Partners who will be part of LANDSLIP Stakeholder User Group (SUG)

METEOROLOGICAL DYNAMICS

WP3 Meteorological Dynamics

2. Vision

. Consortium

(Task Leads: MO/CNR/BGS)

T3.1 Review, compare, source current meteorological data/knowledge

3. Aims

- T3.2 Identify sets of weather regimes for South Asia, India & pilot areas
- T3.3 Identify list of weather regimes relevant to increased landsliding in pilot areas
- T3.4 Weather-based thresholds for short-term landslide forecasting
- T3.5 Evaluate short-term forecasting models & weather-based thresholds

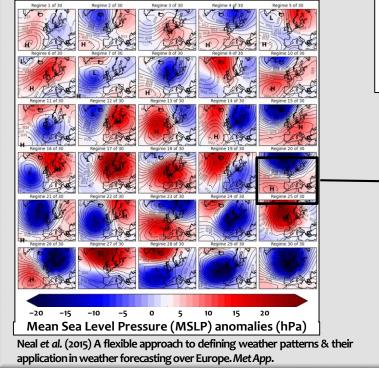
UK example: 30 representative weather regimes

Key Deliverables:

• S Asia: Set of weather regimes

4. Pilot Areas

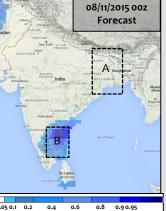
- Pilot areas: List of weather regimes for increased landslides.
- Pilot areas: Landslide weather related thresholds.
- Peer-review papers.



Climatologically wet in north & west UK. Daily precipitation plotted as filled contours (mm/day)

Regime 20: A typical cyclonic westerly

Forecast regional precipitation variability over areas of interest within each broad-scale regime



Probability of 24 hr precipitation accumulation exceeding 99th percentile of forecast climatology



WP4 LANDSCAPE DYNAMICS

4. Pilot Areas

WP4 Landscape Dynamics

2. Vision

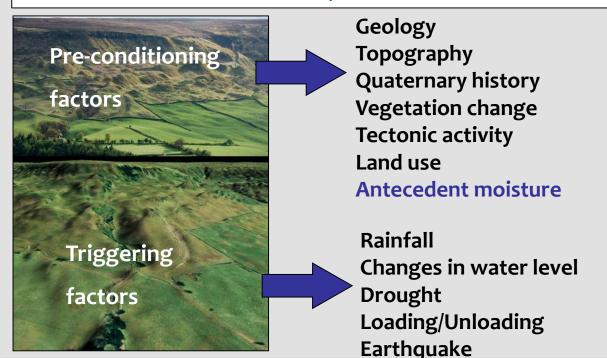
(Task Leads: GSI/BGS/CNR)

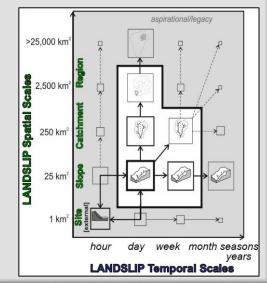
- T4.1 Preparation of landslide and other landscape dynamics thematic data
- **T4.2** Use/develop semi-automatic image processing for landslide inventories
- T4.3 | Hazard susceptibility modelling: landslide types & domains

Key Deliverables:

. Consortium

- Enhanced landslide inventories, data and thematic maps in pilot areas.
- Procedure for landslide monitoring using RS techniques.
- Landslide hazard models for pilot areas delivered as web-mapping services.







WP5A Social Dynamics & Vulnerability

4. Pilot Areas

WP5 Social Dynamics and Vulnerability

(Task Leads: KCL/PA-UK/PA-India/GSI)

- T5.1 | Source and prepare data on vulnerability and impact
- T5.2 Map out institutional landscape

2. Vision

- T5.3 Compile/construct case histories of impact through human-built systems/policy
- T5.4 Compile Participatory Vulnerability Capacity Assessments (PVCA) and assess gaps

Key Deliverables:

- **Spreadsheet: Vulnerability and impact data** summary and links
- **Report: Institutional landscape** for landslide risk assessment & EWS.
- Report: Landslide related case histories of impact.

T_{5.1} Data on vulnerability & impact:

- o **Infrastructure**, **vulnerability**, **exposure** data.
- Socio-economic impacts

[Recent past landslide-related events, media, peer-review, grey literature, images, interviews, oral histories]

T_{5.2} Institutional landscapes:

O Who is responsible for what?

[Documentary analysis, interviews]

T_{5.4} Participatory Vulnerability Capacity Assessments (PVCAs)

- Compile existing PVCAs at local/district levels
- Work with local stakeholders to enhance PVCAs.



Marapallam landslide, Nilgiris district of Nov. 1999. Slide lead to > 50 casualties





WP5B Social Dynamics & Vulnerability

4. Pilot Areas

WP5 Social Dynamics and Vulnerability

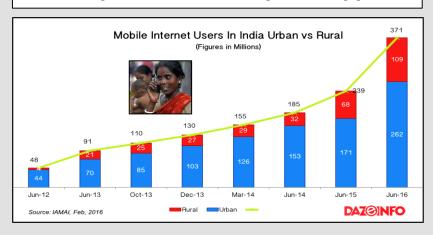
(Task Leads: Amrita/NCS)

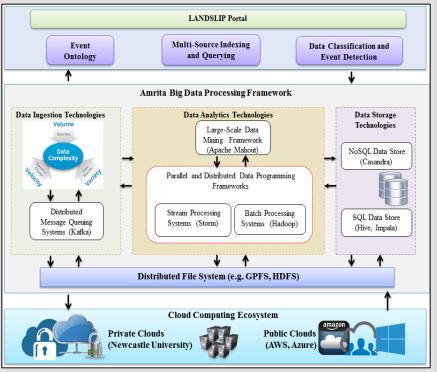
- T5.5 Develop ontology: social analytic terms related to landslide hazards
- T5.6 Develop multi-source social platform indexing and querying algorithms
- T5.7 Develop high performance data classification/event detection algorithms
- T5.8 Develop mobile phone application

2. Vision

Key Deliverables (in collaboration with WP2 stakeholder user group, co-production):

- Index and Report: Social analytic platform index.
- Algorithm & report: Data classification & event detection.
- SMS protocol & smartphone app.





LANDSLIP social data analytics framework

WP 6 MULTI-HAZARD DYNAMICS

WP6 Multi-Hazard Dynamics

(Task Leads: KCL/Amrita)

- T6.1 Collate case histories of landslide multi-hazard cascades/coincidences
- T6.2 Map potential multi-hazard scenarios

2. Vision

Landslides can be triggered by many hazards including:

- **Earthquakes**
- **Floods**
- Storms
- **Drought**

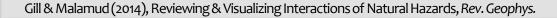
Landslides can in turn trigger or increase the probability of other hazards, resulting in multi-hazard cascades.

Key Deliverables:

- **Database: Landslide**related multi-hazards case histories for pilot study areas.
- **Report:** Table and explanatory text of potential multihazards in pilot areas.



18 Sep 2011 earthquake induced landslides in Sikkim





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WP7 INTEGRATED FRAMEWORK

4. Pilot Areas

WP7 Integrated Landslide Risk Assessment (RA) and Early Warning System (EWS) in a Multi-hazard Framework (MHF): Optimising Tools & Methodologies

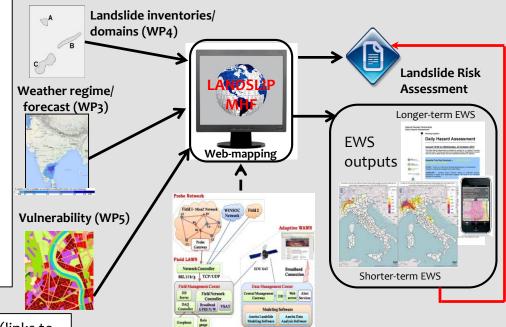
(Task Leads: CNR/BGS/PA/Amrita)

- T7.1 Capture current/emerging technologies in meteorology, landslide RA/EWS in a MHF
- T7.2 Strategic integration of WP3-WP6 outputs into landslide RA/EWS in a MHF
- T7.3 | Conceptualisation/implementation of computer code for landslide RA/EWS in a MHF
- T7.4 Pilot web-mapping data access/visualisation for landslide RA/EWS in a MHF
- T7.5 Identify warning message requirements and dissemination
- T7.6 Evaluation of the landslide RA/EWS in a MHF

2. Vision

Key Deliverables (in collaboration with WP2 stakeholder user group, co-production):

- Computer code
 conceptualisation and
 implementation.
- Web-mapping tool.
- Communication protocols.
- Evaluation strategy, legacy protocols & peer-review paper.





WP7 impact, usability & legacy are key priorities (links to T2.4 "Research into use and sustainability").

Amrita In situ remote real-time landslide monitoring (aid validation)



6. LANDSLIP PROJECT CHALLENGES

- Landslide forecasting & EWS across different temporal & spatial scales.
 - Upscaling/downscaling

2. Vision

- Uncertainty
- Different stakeholder requirements
- Addressing stakeholder needs.
 - Effective, practical and appropriate tools & methodologies for different stakeholders.
 - Clear pathways to improving resilience of stakeholders at risk
 - Ensuring sustainability/legacy
- Project coordination for effective implementation and delivery of WPs.
 - Multiple institution types (e.g., government, HE, not-for-profit)
 - Multiple disciplines (e.g., social, meteorology, landslide, computational, DRR)
 - Multiple countries (UK, Italy, India, Afghanistan)









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Thank you for listening!



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