WETLAND FLORA & FAUNA

DICRURUS MACROCERCUS-BLACK DRONGO



Generally found in open areas and savanna's. Diet is mainly insectivorous.

VANELLUS INDICUS-

RED-WATTLED LAPWING

Preferes sites in close pro-

ximity to freshwater, such

as wet grasslands, rivers,

streams, creeks, marshes

and pools. Diet includes a

other invertebrates.

range of insects, snails and

DELIAS EUCHARIS -COMMON JEZEBEL



Commonly seen in gardens. The host plants are various species of small shrubs.

MAGPIE ROBIN



Common in wet open places, swamps, margins of pools and river banks.

MOTACILLA CINEREA -GREYWAGTAIL



Found by streams, in forested areas and lowland watercourses. While feeding, it wags its long tail in a territorial display.

EGRETTA GARZETTA-LITTLE EGRET

Little egret is an aquatic bird, it feeds in shallow water and on land, consuming a variety of small creatures.

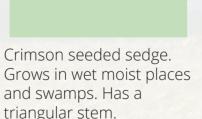
SCRIPUS MUCRONATUS

Water-sedge OBL

water purifiers

Workhouse of wetland

CAREX BACCANS



Common Rush and found in Marshy places. Stems erect and has spongy

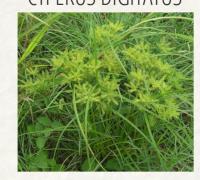
JUNCUS GLAUCUS



RUMEX NEPALENSIS

Perennial herb. Leaf bases grow in nitrogen-enriched and more productive habitats. Palatable to cattle.

CYPERUS DIGITATUS



Flat finger sedge. Found in swamps or seasonally flooded areas, ditches and river banks. Wetland indicator. Leaves are used for making mats and for thatching.

JUNCUS PRISMATOCARPUS



Angled fruit rush grows in swamps and peat bogs as well as in wet grasslands and stream sides leaves are made up of several parallel tubes

WHITE-BREASTED KINGFISHER



Found in inundated paddyfields, ponds, puddles, wells and on sandy seashores. Mainly feeds on large crustaceans, insects, earthworms, rodents, snakes, fish and frogs.

WHIRLIGIG BEETLE



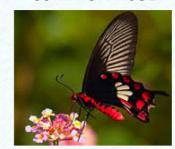
Water beetles usually swim on the surface, but go underwater when threatened. They get their name from their habit of swimming rapidly in circles when alarmed.

RORIPPA INDICA



found growing in open running watercourses or near cool shallow springs and spring holes. Exceptionally rich in vitamins and minerals, and valued as a food and medicinal plant.

PACHLIOPTA ARISTOLOCHAE-**COMMON ROSE**



Very common almost all over, abundant after rains. Visits flowers such as Lantana, Cosmos, Zinnia, Jatropha and Clerodendron.

PRINIA SCIALIS-**ASHY PRINIA**



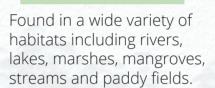
Found among tall grass and scrub, open secondary growth and reedbeds. Feeds on insects.



HYPOLIMNAS MISIPPUS-

Danaid Eggflies prefer wetlands, woodlands and open areas.

ARDEOLA GRAYII-INDIAN POND HERON



SALIX TETRASPERMA

migrant.

CATOPSILIA POMONA-

COMMON EMIGRANT

A very common and

butterfly and a strong

variable species of



Indian willow. Found in swampy place and is anindicator of water. Prevents erosions.

UTRICULARIA COERULEA



Carnivorous, perennial aquatic herb. Wetland species found on moist rock exposed to sun, muddy lake edges.



Grows low to the ground OBI. Absorbs ultraviolet light and is very attractive to insects.

HYDROCOTYLE SIBTHORPIOIDES



Lawn penny. Found in damp, sunny or shady localities in river beds. Sometimes floating when flooded.



CROCOTHEMIS ERYTHRAEA-COMMON SCARLET-DARTER

A wide range of both running and standing waters, except those that are shaded.

PYCREUS SANGUINOLENTUS



swamps, margins of pools and river banks.

ROTALA ROTUNDIFOLIA



Small herb growing by the waterside and occasionally in shallow water.